

Red River WDT

TERMITICIDE-INSECTICIDE

For sale to, use and storage by individuals/firms licensed or registered by the state to apply termiticide and general pest control products. States may have more restrictive requirements regarding qualifications of persons using this product. Consult the structural pest control regulatory agency of your state prior to use of this product.

U. S. Patent No. 5,094,028

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Dendritis98.1%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

Shale 1.9%

TOTAL: 100.0%

NET WT. 37.5 LBS (17.02kg)

EPA Reg. No. FIFRA Exempt EPA Est. #: 51092-AZ-004

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION/ PRECAUCION**

For Emergency Assistance Call: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See Supplemental label for Additional Precautionary Statements

A.C.E. Research & Development L.L.C.

Applied Cooperative Exchange for Research & Development

P.O. Box 12196 • Glendale, AZ 85318-2196



STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advise. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

CAUTION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Personal Protective Equipment:

Pesticide handlers (mixers, loaders, and applicators) must wear long-sleeved shirts and long pants, socks, shoes and waterproof gloves. After the product is diluted in accordance with label directions for use, and/or when mixing and loading using a closed spray tank transfer system, or an in-line injector system, shirt, pants, socks, shoes and waterproof gloves are sufficient. In addition: all pesticide handlers must wear protective eyewear when working in a non-ventilated space or when applying termiticide by rodding or sub-slab injection.

For Terrestrial Uses:

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

Ground Water advisory:

Do not apply directly to water.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not apply this diluted product around electrical equipment due to the possibility of shock hazard.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR TERMITICIDE APPLICATIONS

When treating adjacent to an existing structure, the applicator must check the area to be treated, and immediately adjacent areas of the structure for visible and

accessible cracks and holes to prevent any leaks or significant exposures to persons occupying the structure. People present or residing in the structure during application must be advised to remove their pets and themselves from the structure if they see any signs of leakage. After application, the applicator is required to check for leaks. All leaks resulting in the deposition of termiticide in locations other than those prescribed on this label must be cleaned up prior to leaving the application site. Do not allow people or pets to contact contaminated areas or to reoccupy contaminated areas of the structure until the clean up is completed.

All holes drilled in concrete slabs in commonly occupied areas into which termiticide has been applied must be plugged. Plugs must be of a non-cellulose material or covered by an impervious, non-cellulose material.

Do not make treatment beneath slabs or similar floorings until the locations of heat or air conditioning ductwork, vents, water and sewer lines, and electrical lines/conduits are known and identified. Use extreme caution to avoid puncturing and contaminating these utilities.

When treating crawl spaces or plenum-type structures, turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all **RED RIVER WDG** termiticide-insecticide has been absorbed by the soil.

Do not contaminate wells or cisterns. Consult the appropriate section of this label as well as state/local specifications for recommended distances of wells from treated area, or if such regulations do not exist, refer to Federal Housing Administration (H.U.D) Specifications for guidance.

Use anti-backflow equipment on filling hoses. Do not contaminate public or private water supplies. Consult State, Federal, or local authorities for information regarding the approved treatment practices for areas in close proximity to potable water supplies.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR PEST CONTROL. MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS THAT APPLICATORS USE A STAINLESS STEEL OR POLY PUMP.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The objective of **RED RIVER WDG** is to establish both a horizontal and vertical barrier between cellulose material and the population(s) of "worker" termites in the soil. The treatment standards for termite control may vary due to state/local regulations, treatment procedures, soil types, construction practices and other factors. Follow all federal, state, and local regulations and treatment standards from subterranean termites. Observe industry good management practices.

Use a 2.15% dilution for common treatment practices.

Where aerial infestations or aboveground nests are detected within the structure, supplemental treatments to control termites in the structure, use of structural repairs to deprive the termites of a moisture source may be needed.

For advice concerning current control practices, consult resources in structural pest control, state cooperative extension or regulatory agencies.

Mixing: For the desired application rate, use the chart below to determine the amount of **RED RIVER WDG** for a given volume of finished emulsion:

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Dilution Table:

Desired Dilution	Amount of RED RIVER WDG to make 100 gallons of dilution	Amount of RED RIVER WDG to make 1 gallon of dilution
2.15%	37.5 pounds	0.375 pounds
4.3%	75 pounds	0.75 pounds

For mixing small volumes of finished solution:

For termite control operations requiring smaller volumes use 0.375 pounds of **RED RIVER WDG** per gallon of water to achieve a 2.15% concentration; use a 0.75 pounds per gallon of water to achieve a 4.3% concentration. Mix the termiticide use dilution in the following manner:

1. Fill hand-pressurized or power-operated application equipment with $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ of the required amount of water. Filling hose must be equipped with an anti-backflow device.
2. Measure the required amount of **RED RIVER WDG**.
3. Add **RED RIVER WDG** to sprayer and fill with the remainder of the water.
4. Close sprayer and agitate to insure proper suspension.
5. Re-agitate the sprayer before use if the spraying was interrupted.

For mixing large volumes of finished solution:

For dilution quantities greater than one gallon the amount of **RED RIVER WDG** to add may be determined by multiplying the quantity of **RED RIVER WDG** specified for a particular dilution rate for a one-gallon dilution by the total dilution size. For termite control operations requiring 100 gallons of finished solution prepare a 2.15% dilution by mixing 37.5 pounds of **RED RIVER WDG** with 98 gallons of water; or prepare a 4.3% dilution by mixing 75 pounds of **RED RIVER WDG** with 96 gallons of water. Mix the termiticide use dilution in the following manner:

1. Fill the tank with water until it is $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ full. Filling hose must be equipped with an anti-backflow device.
2. Start pump to begin by-pass agitation and place end of treating tool in tank to allow circulation through hose.
3. Add the appropriate amount of **RED RIVER WDG** (see Dilution Table above.)
4. Add remaining amount of water to the tank.
5. Let pump run and allow recirculation through the hose for 2 or 3 minutes.

Application Volume: To provide maximum control of and protection against termite infestations, apply the specified volume of **RED RIVER WDG** dilution and active ingredient as

set forth in the directions for use. If soil will not accept the labeled application volume, the volume may be reduced provided there is a corresponding increase in concentration so that the amount of active ingredient applied to the soil remains the same.

Note: Large reductions of application volume reduce the ability to obtain a continuous treated barrier. Variance is allowed when volume and concentration are consistent with label directed rates and a continuous barrier can still be achieved. At reduced application volume; it may be necessary for the applicator to drill holes closer than 12 inches apart to create a continuous barrier. Do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen or in any conditions where run-off or movement from the treatment area (site) is likely to occur.

Critical Areas: Critical areas include areas where the foundation is penetrated by utility services, cracks and expansion joints, bath traps and areas where cement constructions have been poured adjacent to the foundation such as stairs, patios, and slab additions.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store only in the original container in a cool dry place away from children and pets.

Container disposal: Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

PRE- CONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Pre-Construction Treatment: Do not apply at a lower dosage and/or concentration than specified on this label for applications prior to the installation of the finished grade.

When treating foundations deeper than 4 feet, you may apply the termiticide as the backfill is being replaced, or if the construction contractor fails to notify the applicator to permit this, treat the foundation to a minimum depth of 4 feet after the backfill has been installed. The applicator may flood or trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls and around pillars and other foundation elements, at the rate prescribed from grade to a minimum depth of 4 feet. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator may treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing.

Effective pre-construction subterranean termite control is achieved by the establishment of vertical and/or horizontal insecticidal barriers using **RED RIVER WDG**. To meet termite proofing requirements, follow the procedures in the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development Minimum Property Standards (refer to U.S.D.A. Home and Garden Bulletin No. 64)

Horizontal Barriers: Create a horizontal barrier wherever treated soil will be covered, such as footing trenches, slab floors, carports, and the soil beneath stairs and crawlspaces.

For a 2.15% rate apply, 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet, or use .375 pounds of **RED RIVER WDG** per 10 square feet in sufficient water (no less than a $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon or more than 2 gallons) to

provide thorough and continuous coverage of the area being treated.

If the fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, it is important that a sufficient amount of dilution be used to reach the soil substrate beneath the coarse fill.

Applications shall be made by a low-pressure spray (less than 50 p.s.i.) using a coarse spray nozzle. If slab will not be poured the same day as treatment, you may cover treated soil with a waterproof barrier such as polyethylene sheeting. This is not necessary if foundation walls have been installed around the treated soil.

Vertical Barriers: Vertical barriers may be established in areas such as around the base of foundations, plumbing, utility entrances, back-filled soil against foundation walls and other critical areas.

For a 2.15% rate apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 1.5 pounds per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.

- a. When trenching and rodding into trench, or trenching, it is important that emulsion reaches the top of the footing. Rod holes must be spaced so as to achieve a continuous termiticidal barrier, but in no case more than 12 inches apart.
- b. Care should be taken to avoid soil washout around the footing.
- c. Trenches need not be wider than 6 inches. Emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.
- d. For a monolithic slab, an inside vertical barrier may not be required.

Hollow block voids may be treated at a rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet so that the emulsion will reach the top of the footing.

Prior to each application, applicators must notify the general contractor, construction superintendent, or similar responsible party, of the intended termiticide application and intended sites of application.

POST-CONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Application Volume: To provide maximum control and protection against termite infestation apply the specified volume of the finished water emulsion and active ingredient as set forth in the directions for use section of this label. If soil will not accept the labeled application volume, the volume may be reduced provided there is a corresponding increase in concentration so that the amount of active ingredient applied to the soil remains the same.

Note: Large reductions of application volume reduce the ability to obtain a continuous barrier. Variance is allowed when volume and concentration are consistent with label directed rates and a continuous barrier can still be achieved.

Where desirable for post construction treatments, the volume of the 2.15% emulsion may be reduced by $\frac{1}{2}$ the labeled volume or a 4.3% emulsion may be applied at $\frac{1}{4}$ the labeled volume (see Volume Adjustment Chart). Volume adjustments at 4.3% are not recommended for sub slab injection.

Note: When volume is reduced, the hole spacing for sub slab injection and soil rodding may require similar adjustment to account for lower volume dispersal of the termiticide in the soil.

After Treatment: All holes in commonly occupied areas into which **RED RIVER WDG** has been applied must be plugged. Plugs must be of a non-cellulose material or covered by an impervious, non-cellulose material.

Use a 2.15% emulsion for post-construction treatment. Post-construction soil applications shall be made by injection, rodding, and/or trenching or coarse fan spray with pressures not exceeding 25 p.s.i. at the nozzle. Care should be taken to avoid soil wash-out around the footing.

Do not apply emulsion until location of wells, radiant heat pipes, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Caution must be taken to avoid puncturing and injection into these elements.

Foundations: For applications made after the final grade is installed, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls and around pillars and other foundation elements, at the rate prescribed from grade to the top of the footing. When the footing is more than four feet below grade, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls at the rate prescribed to a minimum depth of four feet. The actual depth of treatment will vary depending on soil type, degree of compaction, and location of termite activity. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing.

Slabs: Vertical barriers may be established by sub-slab injection within the structure and rodding and/or trenching outside at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Special care must be taken to distribute the treatment evenly. Treatment should not extend below the bottom of the footing.

Treat along the outside of the foundation and where necessary beneath the slab on the inside of foundation walls. Treatment may also be required beneath the slab on the inside of foundation walls. Treatment may also be required beneath the slab along both sides of interior footing-supported walls, one side of interior partitions and along all cracks and expansion joints. Horizontal barriers may be established where necessary by long-rodding or by grid pattern injection vertically through the slab.

- a. Drill holes in the slab and/or foundation to allow for the application of a continuous insecticidal barrier.
- b. For shallow foundations (1 foot or less) dig a narrow trench approximately 6 inches wide along the outside of the foundation walls. Do not dig below the bottom of the footing. The emulsion should be applied to the trench and soil at 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth as the soil is replaced in the trench.
- c. For foundations deeper than 1 foot follow rate for basement.
- d. Exposed soil and wood in bath traps may be treated with an emulsion of 2.15%.

Basements: Where the footing is greater than 1 foot in depth from grade to the bottom of the foundation, application must be made by trenching and rodding into the trench, or trenching at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. When the footing is more than four feet below grade, the applicator may trench and rod into the trench, or trench along foundation walls

at the rate prescribed for four feet of depth. Rod holes must be spaced so as to achieve a continuous termiticide barrier, but in no case more than 12 inches apart. The actual depth of treatment will vary depending on soil type, degree of compaction, and

location of termite activity. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing. Sub-slab injection may be necessary along the inside of foundation walls, along cracks and partition walls, around pipes, conduits, piers, and along both sides of interior footing-supported walls.

Accessible Crawl Spaces:

BEFORE TREATMENT: Turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all **RED RIVER WDG** termiticide-insecticide has been absorbed by the soil.

For crawl spaces, apply vertical termiticide barriers at the rate of 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to the top of the footing, or if the footing is more than 4 feet below grade, to a minimum depth of 4 feet. Apply by trenching and rodding into the trench, or trenching. Treat both sides of the foundation and around all piers and pipes. Where physical obstructions, such as walkways adjacent to foundation elements, prevent trenching, treatment may be made by rodding alone. When soil type and/or conditions make trenching prohibitive, rodding may be used. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. Read and follow the mixing and use direction section of the label if situations are encountered where the soil will not accept the full application volume.

1. Rod holes and trenches must not extend below the bottom of the footing.
2. Rod holes must be spaced so as to achieve a continuous chemical barrier but in no case more than 12 inches apart.
3. Trenches must be a minimum of 6 inches deep or the bottom of the footing, whichever is less, and need not be wider than 6 inches. When trenching in sloping (tiered) soil, the trench must be stepped to ensure adequate distribution and to prevent termiticide from running off. The **RED RIVER WDG** solution must be mixed with the soil as it is replaced in the trench.
4. When unsupported termite tubes are present, mechanically destroy each tube and make a horizontal treatment by applying approximately 1 gallon of dilution per square foot, treating an area of no more than 18 inches in diameter where the tubes emerge from the soil.

Inaccessible Crawl Spaces:

BEFORE TREATMENT: Turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all **RED RIVER WDG** termiticide-insecticide has been absorbed by the soil.

For inaccessible interior areas, such as areas where there is insufficient clearance between floor joists and ground surfaces to allow operator access, excavate if possible, and treat according to the instructions for accessible crawl spaces. Otherwise, apply one or a combination of the following two methods.

1. To establish a horizontal treated barrier, apply dilution to the soil surface at a rate of 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet using low pressure (less than 25 p.s.i. at the treating tool when valve is open) and a coarse application nozzle. For an area that

cannot be reached with the application wand, use one or more extension rods to make the application to the soil.

2. To establish a horizontal treated barrier, drill through the foundation wall or through the floor above and treat the soil perimeter at a rate of 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet. Drill spacing must be at intervals not to exceed 16 inches; many states have smaller intervals so check state regulations which may apply.

Masonry Voids: Drill and treat voids in multiple masonry elements of the structure extending from the structure to the soil in order to create a continuous treatment barrier in the area to be treated. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet of footing, using a nozzle pressure of less than 25 p.s.i. When using this treatment, access holes must be drilled below the sill plate and should be as close as possible to the footing as is practical. Treatment of voids in block or rubble foundation walls must be closely examined: Applicators must inspect areas of possible runoff as a precaution against application leakage in the treated areas. Some areas may not be treatable or may require mechanical alteration prior to treatment.

All leaks resulting in the deposition of termiticide in locations other than those prescribed on this label must be cleaned up prior to leaving the application site. Do not allow people or pets to contact contaminated areas or to reoccupy the contaminated areas of the structure until the clean up is completed.

Note: When treating behind veneer care should be taken not to drill beyond the veneer. If concrete blocks are behind the veneer, both the blocks and the veneer may be drilled and treated at the same time.

Plenums: **BEFORE TREATMENT:** Turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all of the dilution containing **RED RIVER WDG** has been absorbed by the soil.

For plenum-type structures, apply the dilution at the rate of 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet, per foot of depth of soil to provide a uniform treated barrier adjacent to both sides of foundation walls, supporting piers, plumbing and conduits. Create a vertical treated barrier by trenching and rodding into the trench or by trenching around the foundation; trench must be about 6 inches wide and at least 6 inches deep. Use a low-pressure spray to treat soil, which will be replaced into the trench.

When conditions will not permit trenching or rodding, a surface application adjacent to interior foundation walls may be made, but the treated barrier shall not exceed a width of 18 inches, horizontally, from the foundation walls, piers, or pipes. The surface application should be made at a rate of 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet as a very coarse spray under low pressure (not to exceed 25 p.s.i. when measured at the treating tool when valve is on).

Follow the instructions below for interior treatment of plenum structures that used a sealed under-floor space to circulate heat and/or cooled air throughout the structure.

1. Remove the sealing fabric and anything on the sealing fabric to expose no more than 18 inches adjacent to all foundation structures, including foundation walls, interior piers, pipes, and any other structures with soil

contact. Follow the instructions listed above for exterior and interior treatment of "Accessible Crawl Spaces".

2. After the finished solution containing **RED RIVER WDG** has been absorbed by the soil, replace the sealing fabric and anything to be placed on the sealing fabric to its original, pre-treatment position.

FOAM APPLICATIONS

An emulsion of 2.15% RED RIVER WDG may be converted to a foam and the foam used to control termite infestations.

Applications under slabs, stoops, porches, etc. or to soil in crawl spaces to control termites: Depending on the circumstances, foam applications may be used alone or in combination with liquid emulsion applications. In general, 75% of the labeled liquid emulsion volume of product should be applied. Refer to label and use recommendations of the foam manufacturer and the foaming equipment manufacturer. Foam applications are generally a good supplement to liquid treatments in difficult areas, but may be used alone in difficult spots.

Applications to other voids: Applications may be made behind veneers, piers, chimney bases, into rubble foundations, into block voids, structural voids, poles, stumps, wood in crawl spaces, and other similar voids using either the foam alone or in combination with the liquid emulsion.

BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

Overall broadcast spray applications must be limited to attics, crawl spaces, unfinished basements and similar generally unoccupied areas. In occupied indoor areas, treat wood trim and exposed beams by brush or coarse spray directed only onto the wood to be treated.

SAND BARRIER INSTALLATION AND TREATMENT

Termites can build mud tubes over treated surfaces as long as they have access to untreated soil and do not have to move **RED RIVER WDG** treated soil. Fill in cracks and spaces with builder's or play box sand and treat the sand with **RED RIVER WDG**. The sand should be treated as soil following the termiticide rate listed on the **RED RIVER WDG** label.

Retreatment for subterranean termites can only be performed if there is clear evidence of reinfestation or disruption of the barrier due to construction, excavation, or landscaping and/or evidence of the breakdown of the termiticide barrier in the soil. These vulnerable or reinfested areas may be retreated in accordance with application techniques described in this product's labeling. The timing and type of these retreatments will vary depending on factors such as termite pressure, soil types, soil conditions and other factors which may reduce the effectiveness of the barrier.

Annual retreatment of the structure is prohibited unless there is clear evidence that reinfestation or barrier disruption has occurred.

TREATMENT OF STRUCTURES WITH WELLS OR CISTERNS

Do not contaminate wells or cisterns.

Structures with Wells/Cisterns Inside Foundations: Do not apply **RED RIVER WDG** within 5 feet of any well or cistern

by rodding and/or trenching or by the backfill method. Treat soil within 5 to 10 feet of the well or cistern by the backfill method only. Treatment of soil adjacent to water pipes within 3 feet of grade should only be done by the backfill method only. Infested and/or damaged wood should be replaced or repaired.

Treated Backfill Method: Where treatment must be made in difficult situations, such as near wells, cisterns, along fieldstone or rubble walls, and around pipes and utility lines which lead to a well or pond, applications may be made in the following manner:

1. Trench and remove soil to be treated onto heavy plastic sheeting or similar material or into a wheelbarrow.
2. Treat soil at the rate of 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth of the trench, or 1 gallon per 1 cubic foot of soil. Mix the dilution thoroughly into the soil taking care to prevent runoff or spillage.

After the treated soil has absorbed the dilution, replace the soil in the trench. Prior to using this technique near wells or cisterns, consult federal, state, county, or local agencies, including the state Wellhead Protection Program, for information regarding approved treatment practices in your area.

Structures with Adjacent Well/Cisterns and/or Other Bodies of Water: Applicators must inspect all structures with nearby water sources such as wells, cisterns, surface ponds, streams, and other bodies of water and evaluate, at a minimum, the treatment recommendations listed below prior to making an application.

1. Treatment of soil adjacent to the water pipe(s) should be done according to the backfill method. Prior to treatment, if feasible, expose the water pipe(s) coming from the well to the structure, if the pipe(s) enter the structure within 3 feet of grade.
2. Prior to treatment applicators are advised to take precautions to limit risk of applying termiticide into subsurface drains that could empty into any bodies of water. These precautions include evaluating whether application of the termiticide to the top of the footer may result in contamination of the subsurface drain. Factors such as depth to the drain system and soil type and degree of compaction should be taken into account in determining the depth of treatment.
3. When appropriate (i.e., on the side of the structure closest to the water), treated backfill method (described above) can be used to further minimize off-site movement of termiticide.
4. Do not apply to drainage systems such as sumps, french drains, leach beds, or other effluent discharge systems

Retreatments: Subsequent to the initial treatment, retreatments for subterranean termites can only be performed if there is clear evidence of reinfestation, or disruption of the treated barrier due to construction, excavation, landscaping, and/or evidence of the breakdown of the termiticide treated barrier in the soil. Those vulnerable or reinfested areas may be retreated in accordance with application techniques described in this product's labeling.

Retreatments may be made as either a spot or complete treatment. The timing and type of these retreatments will vary, depending on factors such as termite pressure, soil types, soil conditions and other factors which may reduce the effectiveness of the treated barrier. Annual retreatment of the structure is

prohibited unless there is clear evidence of reinfestation or if disruption has occurred.

DISCLAIMER

The label instructions for the use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on research and field use. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the use of, or application of the product contrary to label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of A.C.E. Research & Development. The user shall assume all such risks.

Failure to limit water movement around the treated structure through such things as failure to drain runoff away from the structure, improper irrigation system design or the presence of leaky plumbing may compromise efficacy of the barrier. The intent of the application is to confine the Dendritis to the aggregate fill material and that if Dendritis should move below or beyond the aggregate it may contribute to adverse soil physical behavior with some soil types.

A.C.E. Research & Development shall not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on this label. User assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner not specifically set forth on this label.

A.C.E. Research & Development warrants only that the material contained herein conforms to the chemical description of the label and is reasonably fit for the use therein described when used in accordance with the directions for use, subject to the risks referred to above. A.C.E. Research & Development does not make or authorize any agent or representative to make any other warranties, express or implied, and expressly excludes and disclaims all implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

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This product has not been registered by the
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
A.C.E. Research & Development L.L.C.
Represents that this product qualifies for
Exemption from registration under the
Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
Rodenticide Act (FIFRA)